

# SYMPOSIUM'16 AMERICA – EUROPE – ASIA



THE ASIAN SPEC SYMPOSIUM ON SERVER EFFICIENCY

# **Measuring Cloud Performance**

### SPEC Cloud laaS 2016

- SPEC's first benchmark suite to measure infrastructure-as-a-service (laaS) performance on either public or private cloud environments
- Targets cloud providers, cloud consumers, hardware vendors, virtualization software vendors, application software vendors, and academic researchers

#### **Main Features**

- No restriction on how a cloud is configured, no hypervisor or virtualization layer is required
- Supports optional multi-tenancy and strict Quality of Service (QoS) metrics
- Stresses the provisioning and run-time of a cloud with multiple multi-instance workloads
- Uses I/O and CPU intensive workloads that run in multi-instance configuration. Each multi-instance application cluster is known as an application instance.
- Allows any instance types, that is a baremetal, container, or a virtual machine, with a particular configuration. Instance types cannot be changed during a compliant run.
- NoSQL database transaction workload (YCSB (one instance) / Cassandra cluster (six instances) )
- K-Means clustering using map/reduce (Hadoop master (one instance) / Hadoop data nodes (five instances)

#### **Metrics**

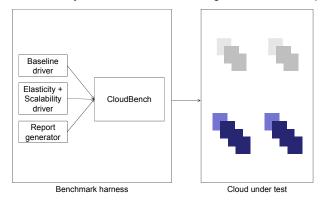
- Scalability Total amount of work performed by application instances running in a cloud
- **Elasticity** Measures whether the work performed by application instances scales linearly in a cloud when compared to the performance of application instances during baseline phase.
- **Mean Instance Provisioning Time** Time interval between the instance provisioning request and connectivity to the instance. This metric is an average across all instances in valid application instances.

#### Baseline phase

- Determine the performance of a single application instance for determining QoS criteria.
- · Only a single application instance is run in the cloud (white-box) or in the user account (black-box)

## Elasticity + Scalability phase

- Instantiates multiple application instances for two workloads over time. The workloads use data that is statistically similar
- Stops when QoS criteria as determined from baseline is not met, or maximum Als as set by a tester are reached
- Scalability results are normalized against a reference platform



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SPEC Cloud laaS 2016 Benchmark Setup

**Elasticity and Scalability Phase**